

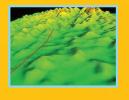
OVERVIEW OF DYNAMOMETER BASED ENGINE FUELS AND LUBRICANTS TESTING

San Antonio, Texas





INTERTEK INTRODUCTION: OUR HERITAGE











1885

1896

1953

2006present 2013 & 2017

Today

Caleb Brett founded a marine surveying business Thomas Edison
established what
is later renamed as
the Electrical
Testing
Laboratories (ETL)

Automotive testing focused on engines, fuels and lubricants Expansion of
Engine dyno
based Fuels and
lubricants testing
– Europe, USA,
China

Expansion of Fleet Testing Services with Phoenix and German Labs Intertek Today:
Valued Quality.
Delivered.

2

INTERTEK IS GLOBAL! OUR GLOBAL NETWORK AND CAPABILITIES





SAN ANTONIO - AUTOMOTIVE RESEARCH OVERVIEW

- 70 years of independent testing
- Fuels and Lubricants Industry
- Engine/Vehicle OEM and Tiered Suppliers
- 4 stand alone laboratories in San Antonio, Texas
- 30+ Engineers, ~300 employees
- 24/7/365 operation
- Over 120 Engine Dynamometer Test Cells
- Vehicle level Development and Durability Testing
- Fuel System Testing
- Evaporative Emission (SHED) Testing
- Automatic Transmission Fluid Testing
- Axle efficiency Testing
- Analytical Testing
- Quality: ISO 17025







WIDE RANGE OF FLUID TESTING CAPABILITIES











Crankcase Lubes

- ASTM/API/dexos®
- Diesel HD Tests
- Gasoline PC Tests
- Research/Special Projects

Fuels

- Diesel
- Gasoline
 - IVD
 - CCD
 - GDI Injector Deposits
 - Preignition
 - Top Tier Protocol

Driveline

- Gear
- Efficiency
- ASTM
 - L37, L42,
- OEM

Transmission

- 21 Test Types
- GM, Ford, Chrysler
- FZG
- JASO

CRANKCASE LUBRICANT TESTING DETAILS Light Duty/PCMO

JASO/GF6/7 & dexos™







Heavy Duty API / PC12 / OEM

1K, 1N, 1P
C13
T-8A/E
T-8
T-8 E
T-11
T-12
T-13
ISM
ISB
DD13
COAT
Ford 6.7L
Cummins COP (Nat Gas)





PASSENGER CAR MOTOR OIL TESTS



SEQUENCE IIIH, ASTM 8111

Objective – The test method was developed to evaluate an automotive engine oil's ability to protect against oil thickening and piston deposits during moderate high speed, high temperature conditions.

Specifications

- API Category SJ, SL, SM, SN, SN+, SP
- ILSAC GF-6

Engine - 2014 Chrysler Pentastar 3.6 Liter, V-6 engine.

Operating Conditions— . The Sequence IIIH Test consists 90 hours of engine operation at moderately high speed, load, and temperature conditions. The 90-hour segment is broken down into four 20-hour test segments and one 10-hour segment. Oil samples are taken after each segment and analyzed for viscosity, FTIR, wear metals (ICP), TAN and TBN.





Test Conditions							
U	Inits	Target					
Test Duration	hours	90					
Speed	rpm	3900					
Load	Nm	250					
Oil Block Temperature	°C	151					
Coolant Out Temperature	°C	115					
Intake Air Temperatures	°C	35					
Fuel Temperature	°C	30					
Dew Point	°C	16.1					
Intake Air Pressure	kPa gauge	0.05					
Right Exhaust Pressure	kPa gauge	4.5					
Left Exhaust Pressure	kPa gauge	4.5					
Coolant Flow Rate	LPM	170					

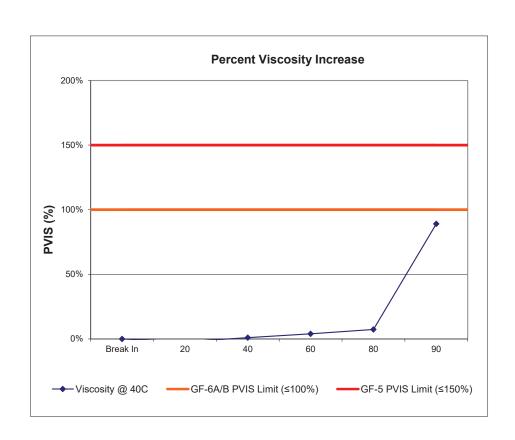
SEQUENCE IIIH PASS / FAIL CRITERIA



			API SP 2020 and	newer vehicles	API SN Plus 2 engi		SM 2010 and older engines	SL 2004 and older engines	SJ 2001 and older engines
ASTM TEST	SEQUENCE TEST	PARAMETER	API SP LIMITS	Resource Conserving / ILSAC GF-6	API SN LIMITS	Resource Conserving	API SM LIMITS	API SL LIMITS	API SJ LIMITS
		PVIS @40C, %	≤ 100	≤ 100	≤ 150	≤ 150	≤ 150	-	
D8111	ШН	Ave Weighted Piston Deposits, Merits		≥ 4.2	≥ 3.7	≥ 3.7	≥ 3.2		
		Hot Stuck Rings	None	None	None	None	None		
D8111	IIIHA or ROBO	MRV, cP	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	-	
DOTT	IIIHA OF ROBO	Yield Stress	<35	<35	<35	<35	<35		
D8111	IIIHB	Phos Retention		≥ 81		≥ 81			
		60h Kinematic Vis Increase, %						-	≤ 307
D8111	IIIH 60	60h Ave Weighted Piston Deposits, Merits							
		60h Avg Piston Skirt Varnish, Merits			,				
		70h Kinematic Vis Increase, %						≤ 181	
D8111	IIIH 70	70h Ave Weighted Piston Deposits, Merits						≥ 3.3	≥ 2.5
		70h Avg Piston Skirt Varnish, Merits						≥ 7.9	≥ 7.5

SEQUENCE IIIH, TEST EVALUATION (PVIS AND WPD)







SEQUENCE IVA, ASTM D6891

Objective – The test method was developed to measure an oil's ability to protect against camshaft lobe wear for overhead camshafts with sliding camshaft followers at low temperature operating conditions.

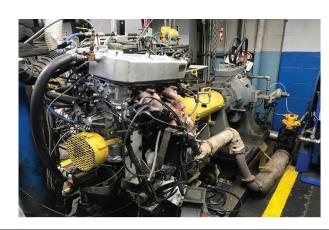
Specifications

API Category – SJ, SL, SM, SN

Engine - 1994 Nissan KA24E 2.4 L

Operating Conditions—. The Sequence IVA Test consists 100 hours of continuous engine running, cycling from 800 rpm to a short 1500 rpm stage, 100 times. Oil samples are taken at 25 h, 50 hr, 75 hr and 100 hr and analyzed for viscosity, wear metals (ICP) and fuel dilution,





Test Conditions								
	Units	Stage 1	Stage 2					
Duration	Min	50	10					
Speed	RPM	800	1500					
Engine Torque	Nm	25	25					
Coolant Out Temperature	°C	50	55					
Oil Cylinder Head								
Temperature	°C	49	59					
Intake Air Temperature	kPa	32	32					
Intake Air Pressure	kPa	0.05	0.05					
Intake Air Humidity	g/kg	11.5	11.5					
Exhaust Pressure, absolute	kPa	103.5	103.5					
Engine Coolant Flow	LPM	30	30					
Rocker Cover Fresh Air Flow	SLPM	10	10					
Ignition Timing	°BTDC	10	N/A					

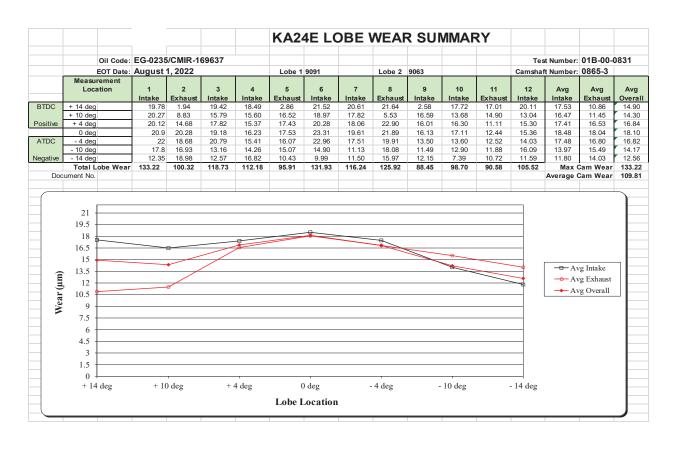
SEQUENCE IVA PASS / FAIL CRITERIA

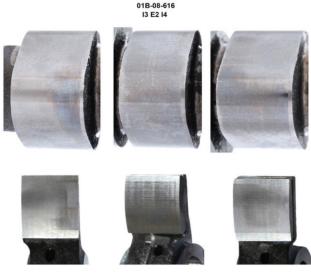


			API SP 2020 and newer vehicles		API SN Plus 2020 and older engines		SM 2010 and older engines	SL 2004 and older engines	SJ 2001 and older engines
ASTM TEST	SEQUENCE TEST	PARAMETER	API SP LIMITS	Resource Conserving / ILSAC GF-6	API SN LIMITS	Resource Conserving	API SM LIMITS	API SL LIMITS	API SJ LIMITS
D6891	IVA	Avg Cam Wear, μm			≤ 90	≤ 90	≤ 90	≤ 120	≤ 120

IVA CAM WEAR SUMMARY







SEQUENCE IVB, ASTM D8350

Objective – The test method was developed to measure an oil's ability to control valve-train wear and overall engine wear, at low temperature operating conditions.

Specifications

- API Category SP
- ILSAC GF-6A/B
- JASO GLV-1
- ACEA A7/B7, A3/B4, A5/B5, C2, C3, C4, C5, and C6

Engine – 2011 Toyota 2NR-FE, 1.5 L, Dual overhead cams

Operating Conditions— . The Sequence IVB Test consists 200 hours of cyclic operation with a minimum of 24,000 cycles. Oil samples are taken every 25 hrs and analyzed for viscosity, wear metals (ICP), oxidation (FTIR), Karl Fischer water content, fuel dilution, TAN and TBN.





		Operating Conditions						
	Units	Ramp to Stage 1	Stage 1	Ramp to Stage 2	Stage 2			
Test Duration	Seconds	8	7	8	7			
Engine Speed	RPM	4300 to 800	800	800 to 4300	4300			
Engine Torque	N-m	25	25	25	25			
Coolant Out Temperature	°C	52	52	52	52			
Oil Gallery Temperature	°C	54	54	54	54			
RAC Coolant Out								
Temperature	°C	20	20	20	20			
Fuel Rail Temperature	°C	24	24	24	24			
Load Cell Temperature	°C	45	45	45	45			
Intake Air Temperature	°C	32	32	32	32			
Blow-by Gas Temperature	°C	29	29	29	29			
Intake Air Pressure	kPa	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25			
Exhaust Pressure (Absolute)	kPa	-	-	-	104.5			

SEQUENCE IVB PASS / FAIL CRITERIA

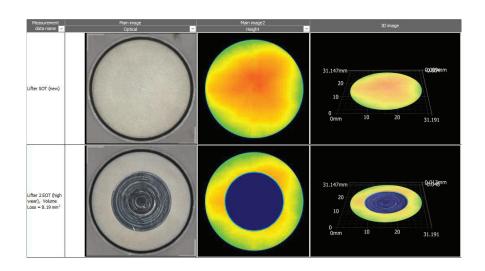


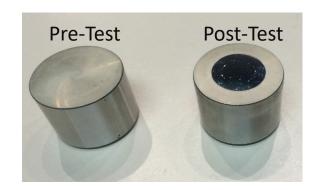
ASTM TEST	SEQUENCE TEST	PARAMETER	API SP LIMITS	Resource Conserving / ILSAC GF-6	ILSAC GF-6 A/B	JASO GLV-1	ACEA A7/B7 and C6	ACEA A3/B4, A5/B5, C2, C3, C4 and C5
D8350	IVB	Avg Intake Lifter Volume Loss,	≤ 2.7	≤ 2.7	≤ 2.7	≤ 2.7	≤ 2.7	≤ 3.3
50000	100	End of Test Iron	≤ 400	≤ 400	≤ 400	≤ 400	≤ 400	≤ 400

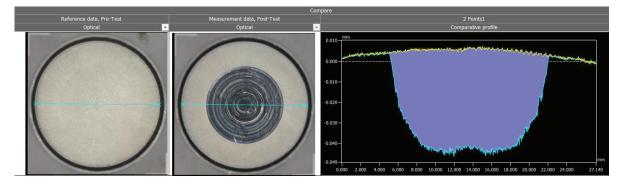
SEQUENCE IVB CAM TAPPET WEAR SUMMARY



Measureable Paramaters	Units	Value
Intake Lifter Average Volume		
Loss by Keyence,	mm³	2.15
End of Test Iron	ppm	222
Exhaust Lifter Average		
Volume Loss by Keyence	mm³	1.74
Intake Lifter Average Mass		
Loss,	mg	18
Exhaust Lifter Average Mass		
Loss	mg	16.6
Camshaft Lobe Failure	(Y or N)	N
Intake Camshaft Average		
Heel to Toe Wear	μm	0.5
Exhaust Camshaft Average		
Heel to Toe Wear	μm	1.9
Oil Consumption	g	152







SEQUENCE VH, ASTM D8256

Objective –The test method is used to evaluate an engine's oil ability to control engine deposits under operating condition selected to accelerated deposit formation. Deposit formation includes but not limited to engine varnish and oil sludge.

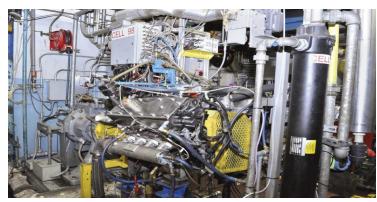
Specifications

- API Category SJ, SL, SM, SN, SN+, SP
- ILSAC- GF-6
- dexos TM I Gen III

Engine – 2013 Ford 4.6L V8, Port Fuel Injected

Operating Conditions— . The Sequence VH Test consists of 216 hours total run time, consisting of 54 cycles, 4 hours each. Each cycle consists of three stages. Oil samples are taken every 24 hrs and analyzed for kinematic viscosity, wear metals (ICP), fuel dilution, TAN and TBN.





	Operating C	onditions	
Units	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3
Minutes	120	75	45
RPM	1200	2900	700
kPa	69	66	Record
°C	68	100	45
°C	57	85	45
LPM	48	Record	Record
kPa gauge	70	70	70
°C	29	85	29
LPM	15	15	15
°C	30	30	30
kPa gauge	0.05	0.05	0.05
g/ Kg	11.4	11.4	11.4
	Minutes RPM kPa °C °C LPM kPa gauge °C LPM °C kPa gauge	Units Stage 1 Minutes 120 RPM 1200 kPa 69 °C 68 °C 57 LPM 48 kPa gauge 70 °C 29 LPM 15 °C 30 kPa gauge 0.05	Minutes 120 75 RPM 1200 2900 kPa 69 66 °C 68 100 °C 57 85 LPM 48 Record kPa gauge 70 70 °C 29 85 LPM 15 15 °C 30 30 kPa gauge 0.05 0.05

SEQUENCE VH PASS / FAIL CRITERIA



			API SP 2020 vehice		API SN Plus 2020 and older engines		SM 2010 and older engines	SL 2004 and older engines	SJ 2001 and older engines
ASTM TEST	SEQUENCE TEST	PARAMETER	API SP LIMITS	Resource Conserving / ILSAC GF-6	API SN LIMITS	Resource Conserving	API SM LIMITS	API SL LIMITS	API SJ LIMITS
		Avg Engine Sludge. Merits	≥ 7.6	≥ 7.6	≥ 7.6	≥ 7.6	≥ 7.4	≥ 7.8	≥ 7.8
		Rocker Cover Sludge, Merits	≥ 7.7	≥ 7.7	≥ 7.7	≥ 7.7	≥ 7.4	≥ 8	≥ 8
		Avg Engine Varnish, Merits	≥ 8.6	≥ 8.6	≥ 8.6	≥ 8.6	≥ 8.6	≥ 8.9	≥ 8.9
		Avg Piston Varnish, Merits	≥ 7.6	≥ 7.6	≥ 7.6	≥ 7.6	≥ 7.6	≥ 7.5	≥ 7.5
D8256	VH	Oil Screen Sludge, %	Report	Report	Report	Report			
		Hot Stuck Compression Rings	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
		Cold Stuck Ring	Report	Report				Report	Report
		Oil Ring Clogging, %	Report	Report				Report	Report
		Oil Screen Clogging, %			Report	Report	Report	≤ 20	≤ 20

SEQUENCE VH HARDWARE EVALUATION



Cylinder head and Timing Cover





EG-0080/CMIR-160117 VH87-00-0404

Pistons and Rear Engine Cover



VH97-00-0044

EG-0076/CMIR-155149



18

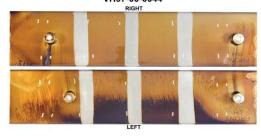
SEQUENCE VH HARDWARE EVALUATION CONT'D



Rocker Cover and Rocker Cover baffles

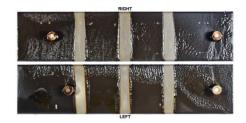


EG-0076/CMIR-155149 VH97-00-0044

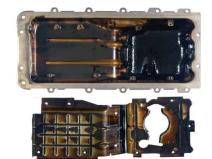




EG-0080/CMIR-160117 VH87-00-0404



Oil Pan, Baffle and Screen



EG-0076/CMIR-155149 VH97-00-0044





EG-0080/CMIR-160117 VH87-00-0404



SEQUENCE VIE, ASTM D8114

Objective – The test method was developed to measure an oil's comparative fuel economy index (FEI) of the fuel-saving capabilities of automotive engine oils under repeatable laboratory conditions.

Specifications

- API Category SN+, SP
- ILSAC GF-6A

Engine – 2012 General Motors V6 DOHC with a displacement of 3.6L

Operating Conditions— . The Sequence VIE test method is used to measure the laboratory engine break specific fuel consumption (BSFC) at six constant speed/torque/temperature conditions for the baseline calibration oil, test oil, and repeated of the baseline calibration oil. New and used oil samples are analyzed for viscosity.





Operating Conditions									
	Units	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4	Stage 5	Stage 6		
Duration	Min	90	90	90	90	90	90		
Speed	RPM	2000	2000	1500	695	695	695		
Torque	Nm	105	105	105	20	20	40		
Oil Gallery Temp	°C	115	65	115	115	35	115		
Coolant Inlet Temp	°C	109	65	109	109	35	109		
Intake Air Temperature	°C	29	29	29	29	29	29		
Fuel to Fuel Rail Temp	°C	22	22	22	22	22	22		
Fuel to Flowmeter Temp	°C	26	26	26	26	26	26		
Intake Air Pressure	kPa	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05		
Exhaust back Pressure, abs	kPa abs	105	105	105	104	104	104		

SEQUENCE VIE PASS / FAIL CRITERIA



		PARAMETER	API SP 2020 and newer vehicles		API SN Plus 2020 and older engines		SM 2010 and older engines	SL 2004 and older engines	SJ 2001 and older engines
ASTM SEQUENCE TEST TEST	SEQUENCE TEST		API SP LIMITS	Resource Conserving / ILSAC GF-6	API SN LIMITS	Resource Conserving	API SM LIMITS	API SL LIMITS	API SJ LIMITS
		XW-20 FEI SUM, %		≥ 3.8		≥ 3.2			
		XW-20 FEI 2, %		≥ 1.8		≥ 1.5			
D0444	\//-	XW-30 FEI SUM, %		≥ 3.1		≥ 2.5			
D8114	VIE	XW-30 FEI 2, %		≥ 1.5		≥ 1.2			
		10W-30 FEI SUM, %		≥ 2.8		≥ 2.2			
		10W-30 FEI 2, %		≥ 1.3		≥ 1.0			

SEQUENCE VIF, ASTM 8226

Objective – The test method was developed to measure an oil's comparative fuel economy index (FEI) of the fuel-saving capabilities of automotive engine oils under repeatable laboratory conditions for viscosity OW-16 or lower.

Specifications

- API Category SN+, SP
- ILSAC GF-6B

Engine – 2012 General Motors V6 DOHC with a displacement of 3.6L

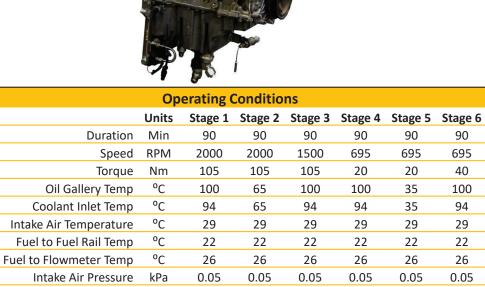
Operating Conditions—. The Sequence VIF test method is used to measure the laboratory engine break specific fuel consumption (BSFC) at six constant speed/torque/temperature conditions for the baseline calibration oil, test oil, and repeated of the baseline calibration oil. New and used oil samples are analyzed for viscosity.



105

105

Exhaust back Pressure, abs kPa abs



105

104

104

104



SEQUENCE VIF PASS / FAIL CRITERIA



			API SP 2020 and newer vehicles		API SN Plus 2020 and older engines		SM 2010 and older engines	SL 2004 and older engines	SJ 2001 and older engines
ASTM TEST	SEQUENCE TEST	PARAMETER	API SP LIMITS	Resource Conserving / ILSAC GF-6	API SN LIMITS	Resource Conserving	API SM LIMITS	API SL LIMITS	API SJ LIMITS
Dagge	VIIE	0W-16 FEI SUM, %		≥ 4.1		≥ 3.7			
D8226	VIF	0W-16 FEI 2, %		≥ 1.9		≥ 1.8			

SEQUENCE VIII, ASTM D6709

Objective – The test method was developed to evaluate automotive engine oil for protection of engines against bearing weight loss.

Specifications

- API Category SJ, SL, SM, SN, SN+, SP
- ILSAC GF-6

Engine – Various designation such as the L-38 engine, the CLR engine or the Seq VIII engine.

Operating Conditions— . The Sequence VIII Test consists 40 hours of operation at a constant speed and fuel flow. New and used oil samples are analyzed for viscosity.





	Operati	ng Conditions
	Units	Settings
Duration	hrs	40
Speed	RPM	3150
Air-to-Fuel Ratio	Lamda	13.43
Fuel Flow	kg/h	2.25
Gallery Oil Temperature	°C	135 or 143.5*
Coolant Out Temperature	°C	93.5
Coolant Delta Temperature	°C	5.6
Oil Pressure	kPa	276
Exhaust back pressure	kPa	0 - 3.4
Crankcase Vacuum	Pa	500
Crankcase Off Gas	SLH	850
Spark Advance	°BTDC	35

SEQUENCE VIII



			API SP 2020 and newer vehicles		API SN Plus 2020 and older engines		SM 2010 and older engines	SL 2004 and older engines	SJ 2001 and older engines
ASTM TEST	SEQUENCE TEST	PARAMETER	API SP LIMITS	Resource Conserving / ILSAC GF-6	API SN LIMITS	Resource Conserving	API SM LIMITS	API SL LIMITS	API SJ LIMITS
D6709	VIII	Bearing Weight Loss, mg	≤ 26	≤ 26	≤ 26	≤ 26	≤ 26	≤ 26.4	≤ 26.4

SEQUENCE VIII HARDWARE EVALUATION



Rod Bearing, Pass



Rod Bearing, Fail



SEQUENCE IX, ASTM D8291

Objective – The test method was developed to evaluate an engine oil's ability to mitigate preignition in the combustion chambers in a turbocharged, direct injection, gasoline engines under low speed and high-load operating conditions.

Specifications

- API Category –SN+, SP
- ILSAC GF-6

Engine – 2012 Ford Ecoboost 2.0L inline four-cylinder.

Operating Conditions— . The Sequence IX test procedure is conducted in four iterations. Each iterations is approximately 4 hours and 19 minutes in length. New oil samples are analyzed for viscosity, fuel dilution and wear metals (ICP).





	Operating Conditions							
	Units	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4	Stage 5	Stage 6	
Time per Stage	h:mm	0:02	0:15	0:25	~3:20	0:15	0:02	
Engine Speed	r/min	Idle	2000	1750	1750	2000	Idle	
Engine Torque	N∙m	0	100	269	269	50	0	
Coolant Temp	°C	95	95	95	95	45	45	
Oil Gallery Temp	°C	95	95	95	95	45	45	
Intake Air Temperature	°C	43	43	43	43	30	30	

SEQUENCE IX PASS / FAIL CRITERIA

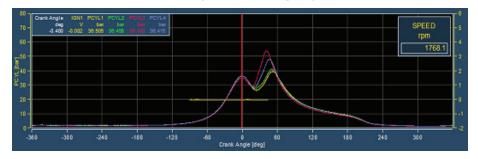


			API SP 2020 and newer vehicles		API SN Plus 2020 and older engines		SM 2010 and older engines	SL 2004 and older engines	SJ 2001 and older engines
ASTM TEST	SEQUENCE TEST	PARAMETER	API SP LIMITS	Resource Conserving / ILSAC GF-6	API SN LIMITS	Resource Conserving	API SM LIMITS	API SL LIMITS	API SJ LIMITS
D0004		Avg Number of Events	≤ 5	≤ 5	≤ 5	≤ 5			
D8291	IX	Number of Events per Iteration	≤ 8	≤ 8					

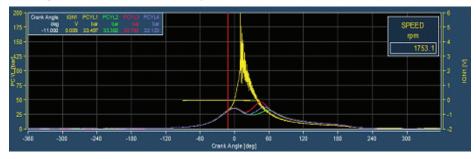
SEQUENCE IX, EVALUATION OF CYCLES USING AVL SOFTWARE



Normal combustion pressure graph



Preignition event in cylinder 1



Piston damage due to preignition events



SEQUENCE X, ASTM D8279

Objective – The test method was developed to evaluate an engine oil's ability to protect against timing chain lengthening under operation conditions selected to accelerate timing chain wear.

Specifications

- API Category SP
- ILSAC GF-6

Engine – 2012 Ford Ecoboost 2.0L inline four-cylinder.

Operating Conditions— . The Sequence X test procedure is composed of two stages. Together the two stages and two ramps comprise of one cycle repeated 54 times for a total of 216 hours. New oil samples are analyzed for viscosity, fuel dilution, TGA soot and wear metals (ICP).





Operating Conditions						
	Units	Stage 1	Stage 2			
Test Duration	Minutes	120	60			
Engine Speed	RPM	1550	2500			
Torque	Nm	50	128			
Oil Gallery Temperature	°C	50	100			
Coolant Out Temperature	°C	45	85			
Coolant Flow	LPM	40	70			
Inlet Air Pressure	kPa	0.05	0.05			
Coolant Pressure	kPa	70	70			
Inlet Air Temperature	°C	32	32			
Exhaust Back Pressure	kPaA	104	107			
Air Charge Temperature	°C	30	30			
Air Fuel Ratio (AFR)	Lamda	0.78	1			
Blowby-outlet Temperature	kPa Abs	23	78			
Blowby	LPM	Not Measured	65 - 75			

SEQUENCE IX PASS / FAIL CRITERIA



			API SP 2020 and newer vehicles		API SN Plus 2020 and older engines		SM 2010 and older engines	SL 2004 and older engines	SJ 2001 and older engines
ASTM TEST	SEQUENCE TEST	PARAMETER	API SP LIMITS	Resource Conserving / ILSAC GF-6	API SN LIMITS	Resource Conserving	API SM LIMITS	API SL LIMITS	API SJ LIMITS
D8279	х	Chain Stretch, %	≤ 0.085	≤ 0.085					

SEQUENCE X EVALUATION OF HARDWARE



Chain Measurement Rig



Timing Chain on Engine



Chain wear measurements

		0 Hour	216hr
nce	1	0.0000	0.0000
Reference	2	0.0001	0.0001
Ref	3	0.0001	0.0001
	Average	0.0001	0.0001
	1	0.0024	0.0226
ain	2	0.0025	0.0226
Test Chain	3	0.0025	0.0226
Tes	Average	0.0025	0.0226
	% Change		0.0934
		Current Severity Adjustment	
		Final % Change	0.0934

JASO M366

Objective – The **JASO M366** is a fired engine fuel economy test developed for use with ultra-low viscosity engine oils

Specifications

- JASO GLV-1 / GLV-2
- ACEA C6

Engine –Toyota **2ZR-FXE** 1.8L inline four-cylinder engine

Operating Conditions—. Test conditions are based on actual Prius data obtained from the WLTC (Worldwide Harmonized Light Vehicles Test Cycle). A single test consists of one flush sequence, 10-hour aging and 6 fuel economy stages New Oil samples are analyzed for viscosity.





JASO GLV-1 SPECIFICATION – TEST REQUIREMENTS



Test	Test Method		JASO GLV-1 Specification Requirements	
Fuel Economy	JASO M365 (Motoring FE)	– OR	0W-8: 2.0% min, 0W-12: 1.7 min	
Fuel Economy	JASO M366 (Firing FE)	_ UK	1.1% min	
Oil Thickening	Sequence IIIH		ILSAC GF-5 level	
Valve Train Wear	Sequence IVA	– OR	ILSAC GF-5 level	
valve Italii vveai	Sequence IVB	- UK	ILSAC GF-6 level	
Sludge and Varnish	Sequence VH		ILSAC GF-6 level	
Chain Wear	Sequence X		ILSAC GF-6 level	
Bench Tests:				
• SAE J300, Shear Stabili	ty, Aged Oil Low Temp Viscosity	,		
Catalyst Compatibility	, Wear, Homogeneity and Miscil	ILSAC GF-6B level		
Volatility, Filterability	, Foaming, Emulsion Retention			
Elastomer Compatibili	ty, Gelation Index			

GENERAL MOTORS DEXOSTM TESTS, GMAER



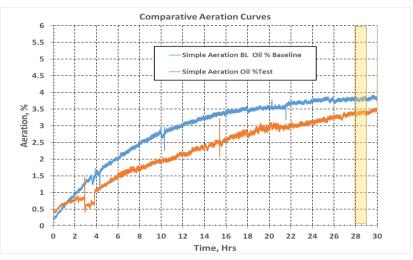
Objective— This test was developed to measure an oil's tendency to entrain free air during engine operation.

Specifications

GM's dexos TM 1 Gen III

Engine – GM 5.3L V8 LS

Operating Conditions— . The test runs for a total of 60 hours and compares the aeration of a baseline to a candidate oil. New oil samples are analyzed for viscosity, fuel dilution and wear metals (ICP).



- * 5 Gallons required for each Run
- *2nd Run much be performed within 72 hours of 1st Run to compare.
- *Typically 4 days to run full Paired Test
- *We request 10 gallons in the event of a shutdown to prevent the loss of a paired run

GENERAL MOTORS DEXOSTM TESTS, GMTC

Objective— This test was developed to determine the level of turbocharger oil coking which is achieved with an engine oil formulation.

Specifications

GM's dexos TM 1 and dexos TM 2

Engine - GM 1.4L Turbo I4 Ecotec LUV Engine

Operating Conditions—. The GMTC test runs for 2000 cycles, approximately 540 hours. New oil samples are analyzed for viscosity, fuel dilution and wear metals (ICP).









GENERAL MOTORS DEXOSTM TESTS, GMSPI AND GMPSI3



Objective– This test was developed to evaluate the stochastic pre-ignition (SPI) tendency of engine oils seeking dexosTM licensing approval.

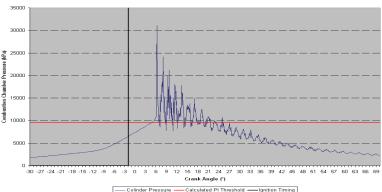
Specifications

GM's dexos [™] 1 Gen III

Engine – 2013 GM 2.0L Turbo I4 Ecotec LHU Engine

Operating Conditions— A full SPI evaluation requires five SPI consecutive tests. Each test is comprised of various speeds and loads.





GENERAL MOTORS DEXOSTM TESTS, GMOD

Objective– This test was developed to evaluate an oil's resistance to oxidation during high temperature operation. GMOD is a part of GM's dexos[™] engine oil specification.

Specifications

GM's dexos [™] 1 Gen III

Engine – GM 5.7L LSX, V8 Engine

Operating Conditions— The test runs for a total of 100 hours at a constant speed and load with elevated temperatures to accelerate oil oxidation.





